

Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board Clean Water Act §319(h) Nonpoint Source Grant Program FY 2020 Workplan 20-06

	SUMMARY PAGE							
Title of Project	Continued Implementation of Agricultural Nonpoint Source Components of the Leon Watershed Protection Plan							
Project Goals	 Provide technical assistance to agricultural producers for the development of Water Quality Management Plans (WQMPs) and implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) and track progress Provide educational programs to increase stakeholders and citizens knowledge about water quality issues in the watershed Conduct status reviews on WQMPs to track implementation success Foster coordinated technical assistance activities between TSSWCB, the local SWCD, and NRCS Inform and coordinate project efforts with the Leon River Watershed Steering Committee, Watershed Coordinator, and Feral Hog Extension Assistant 							
Project Tasks	(1) Project administration; (2) Promotion and Program							
Measures of Success	 Provide needed technical assistance to agricultural producers; Development and implementation of at least 12 WQMPs; Implementation of management measures outlined in the Leon River WPP; Reduction in potential pollutant loads of streams from NPS pollution from agricultural operations 							
Project Type	Implementation (X); Education (X); Plannin	g(); Assessment (); Ground	dwater ()				
Status of Waterbody on 2014 Texas Integrated Report	Segment ID 1221 – Leon River below Proctor Lake 1221A – Resley Creek 1221D – Indian Creek 1221F – Walnut Creek	Parameter Bacteria Bacteria DO Bacteria Bacteria	Ca 5c 5b 5c 5b 5c					
Project Location (Statewide or Watershed and County)	The Leon River Watershed below Proctor La Hamilton, Erath, Coryell, Mills and Bell Cor	ake and above Belt	on Lake i					
Key Project Activities	Hire Staff (X); Surface Water Quality Monitoring (); Technical Assistance (X); Education (X); Implementation (X); BMP Effectiveness Monitoring (); Demonstration (); Planning (); Modeling (); Bacterial Source Tracking (); Other ()							
2017 Texas NPS Management Program Reference	 Component 1 – Long Term Goal – Objectives 1, 2, 3 Component 1 – Short Term Goal 2 – Objectives A, B, D Component 1 – Short Term Goal 3 – Objectives A, D G Components 2, 3 and 4 							
Project Costs	Federal \$ 168,225 Non-Federal	\$ 0	Total	\$ 168,225				
Project Management Project Period	Hamilton-Coryell SWCD November 13, 2020 – October 31, 2023							

Part I – Applicant Information

Applicant									
Project Lead		Buddy Gerald Jr.	., Hamiltoi	n-Coryell S	SW(CD			
Title		Chairman of Har	milton-Cor	yell SWC	D				
Organization		Hamilton-Coryel	ll Soil and	Water Con	nser	vation Distri	ct #506		
E-mail Address		hamiltoncoryel	lswcd@sv	wcd.texas	.gov	<u> </u>			
Street Address		2180 North Mair	1						
City Har	milton		County Hamilton State TX Zip Code 76531				76531		
Telephone Num	nber 2	254-386-3798			Fax	x Number			

Project Partners	
Names	Roles & Responsibilities
Upper Leon Soil and Water Conservation	Collaborate with SWCD 506 to promote stakeholder participation in
District (#525)	WQMPs and support the work of the technician in the Upper Leon
	portion of the Leon River Watershed (letter of support included).
Texas State Soil and Water Conservation	Provide state oversight and management of all project activities and
Board (TSSWCB)	ensure coordination of activities with related projects and TCEQ.
Hamilton-Coryell Soil and Water	Supervise one technician. Develop, implement and maintain WQMPs.
Conservation District (SWCD #506)	Conduct status reviews. Responsible for all project deliverables.
United States Department of Agriculture-	Support SWCD Technician in the development, implementation, and
Natural Resources Conservation Service	maintenance of WQMPs. Provide training as necessary to the technician.
(NRCS)	
Texas A&M AgriLife Extension Service –	Support the SWCD Technician in educational program and resource
Institute of Renewable Natural Resources	development and delivery and in maintaining communication with the
	Steering Committee and Watershed Coordinator
Leon River Watershed Steering	Collaborate as critical local stakeholders and play a lead role in
Committee	communicating with other local stakeholders.

Part II – Project Information

Project Type										
Surface Water	X	Groundwater	X							
Does the project implement recommendations made in (a) a completed WPP, (b) an adopted TMDL, (c) an approved I-Plan, (d) a Comprehensive Conservation and Management Plan developed under CWA §320, (e) the <i>Texas Coastal NPS Pollution Control Program</i> , or (f) the <i>Texas Groundwater Protection Strategy</i> ?										
If yes, identify the	If yes, identify the document. Watershed Protection Plan for the Leon River Below Proctor Lake and Above Belton Lake									
If yes, identify the agency/group that developed and/or approved the document. Brazos River Authority Year Develop							20 Ap 20	proved	l in	

Watershed Information									
Watershed or Aquifer Name(s)	Hydrologic Unit Code (12 Digit)	Segment ID	Category on 2014 IR	Size (Acres)					
Leon River Watershed below Proctor Lake and above Belton Lake	120702010501 - 120702010509, 120702010601 - 120702010605, 120702010701 - 120702010705, 120702010801 - 120702010806, 120702010901 - 120702010908, 120702011002	1221	5c	871,488					

Water Quality Impairment

Describe all known causes (i.e., pollutants of concern) and sources (e.g., agricultural, silvicultural) of water quality impairments or concerns from any of the following sources: 2014 Texas Integrated Report, Clean Rivers Program Basin Summary/Highlights Reports, or other documented sources.

<u>Impairmen</u>		Year Listed								
Segment 1221	: Leon River:									
1221_03	From the confluence w/ Stillhouse Creek, upstream to									
	confluence w/ Plum Creek	bacteria	5c	1996						
1221_06	From confluence with South Leon Creek upstream to									
	confluence w/ Walnut Creek	bacteria	5c	1996						
Segment 1221	Segment 1221A: Resley Creek:									
1221A_01	From confluence of Leon River upstream to unnamed									
	tributary approx. 1 mi. N of Comanche Co. Line	bacteria	5b	2004						

dissolved o	xygen	5c	2006	
1221A_02	From confluence of unnamed tributary upstream to			
	upper end of water body; approx. 1.0 miles NW of			
	Dublin	bacteria	5b	2004
Segment 12211	D: Indian Creek:			
1221D_01	From confluence with Leon River upstream to			
	Armstrong Creek	bacteria	5b	2006
1221D_02	From confluence with Armstrong Creek upstream to			
	headwaters of water body	bacteria	5b	2006
Segment 12211	F: Walnut Creek:			
1221F_01	From its confluence with Leon River upstream to its	bacteria	5c	2006
headwaters 2.4	miles west of Dublin in Erath County			

Project Narrative

Problem/Need Statement

Between January 2005 and April 2008 stakeholders throughout the Leon Watershed from Proctor Lake downstream to Belton Lake began to advocate a more locally driven process than that which was occurring through the TMDL process. Local stakeholders expressed interest in taking an active role in defining specific voluntary strategies to reduce bacteria loadings throughout the watershed and saw the WPP process as a more effective vehicle for pursuing this objective. Brazos River Authority (BRA) sought and obtained a CWA §319(h) nonpoint source grant from the Texas State Soil and Water Conservation Board (TSSWCB) and the EPA to support development of this WPP. Parsons was hired to support BRA with the development of the WPP providing technical analysis, stakeholder coordination, and other expertise. The project team of BRA and Parsons received input from stakeholders of the Leon River watershed throughout this watershed planning process. TSSWCB Project 14-04 entitled *Coordinating Implementation of the Leon River Watershed Protection Plan* provided funding to hire a watershed coordinator and continue stakeholder meetings in order to implement and address EPA comments to the WPP.

Through the WPP development process, stakeholders identified several categories of potential nonpoint sources of bacteria in the watershed: forestland, cropland, rangeland, waste application fields, and residential/commercial/industrial. GIS shapefiles, livestock census, observations, stakeholder input, and TCEQ's draft TMDL report were all utilized to estimate distributions and the degree of contribution of these potential pollutant sources within the watershed. Based on these results, management measures were developed to address each of the potential sources. The timeline for full implementation of all the management measures in the Leon WPP is 10 years; this project supports that process for 3 of those years.

As identified during development of the WPP, nonpoint agricultural sources of pollutant loading may be addressed by implementing BMPs on agricultural operations. Agricultural producers, along with SWCDs, TSSWCB and NRCS, have been collaborating to protect the natural resources in Texas for decades. Through the TSSWCB's WQMP Program, farmers and ranchers routinely implement BMPs on their land utilizing financial and technical assistance programs of SWCDs who receive state and federal funds from TSSWCB, EPA, and NRCS. A WQMP is a site-specific plan developed through, and approved by, SWCDs which includes appropriate land treatment practices, production practices, management measures, and technologies that prevent and abate agricultural and silvicultural nonpoint source pollution. The BMPs prescribed in a WQMP are defined in the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide. SWCDs provide technical assistance to producers seeking to develop a WQMP. TSSWCB and NRCS have various financial assistance programs that help producers implement a WQMP. Because of this, and similar programs, the State of Texas has been able to demonstrate major successes in the improvement of water quality conditions through on-the-ground conservation results.

Expanding participation of agricultural producers in WPP implementation is essential to achieve water quality improvement. As an established and well-known local entity, the Hamilton-Coryell SWCD is uniquely situated to engage and support agricultural producers in watershed restoration and protection efforts, including implementation of appropriate BMPs to address nonpoint source pollution.

Technical support from the Hamilton-Coryell and Upper Leon SWCDs and NRCS personnel is critical for proper selection and placement of appropriate management measures on individual agricultural properties. However, due to the number of management plans that will be needed, a new position dedicated specifically to WQMP development in the watershed will be necessary to provide direct assistance to agricultural producers, with emphasis on the sources and geographical areas within the watershed identified through the Leon WPP.

TSSWCB project 14-03 and 17-04 *Implementing Agricultural Nonpoint Source Components of the Leon River Watershed Protection Plan*, began in October 2014 and continued through 2019 to expand participation of agricultural producers in WPP implementation, which is essential to achieve water quality improvement. As an established and well-known local entity, the Hamilton-Coryell SWCD is uniquely situated to engage and support agricultural producers in watershed restoration and protection efforts, including implementation of appropriate BMPs to address nonpoint source pollution as identified in Tables 8.1 and 8.2 of the WPP. To date, a total of 28 WQMPs have been developed on approximately 7,000 acres within the Leon River watershed. Continuation of this project is crucial to the success of the WPP.

Project Narrative

General Project Description

A comprehensive watershed approach focused on the most significant potential sources of NPS pollution contributing to the current impairments was used for WPP development. This project provides funding to support implementation of recommended agricultural management measures identified for action in the WPP during the 10-year implementation schedule.

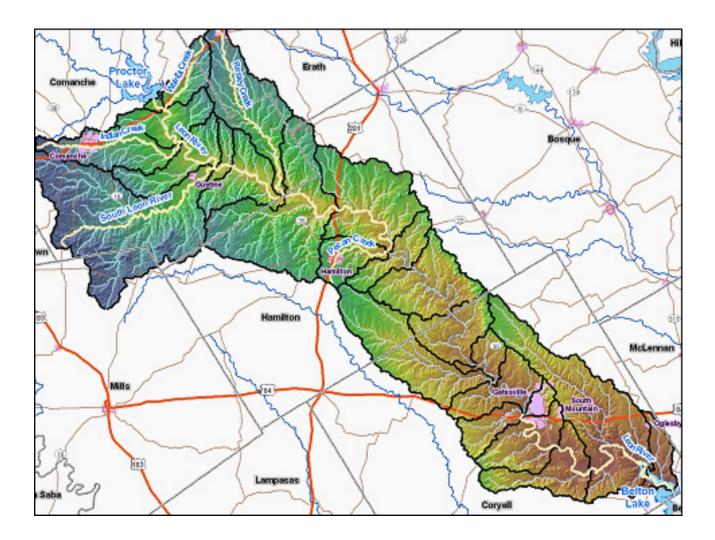
To achieve this goal, we request TSSWCB administer federal CWA §319(h) funds through the Hamilton-Coryell SWCD #506 for support of one District Technician who will provide technical assistance to agricultural producers in developing and implementing WQMPs and Prescribed Grazing Plans in the Leon Watershed. WQMPs are developed according to the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide. Once the WQMP is developed, it will be sent to the appropriate TSSWCB regional office for technical review and certification. Upon certification of the WQMP, the District Technician will work with the landowners to implement the BMPs prescribed in the WQMP.

The District Technician will be placed in the Hamilton-Coryell SWCD office and will work under the direction of the SWCD, with assistance from the TSSWCB, Upper Leon SWCD, NRCS, and Watershed Coordinator, as needed. The District Technician also will assist landowners in applying for and obtaining financial incentives to aid in implementation of BMPs prescribed in WQMPs.

The District Technician will conduct annual status reviews on all WQMPs developed and certified through the course of this project to ensure that landowners implement BMPs as specified and agreed to in the WQMP implementation schedule. The District Technician will track utilization of obligated financial incentives and assist landowners in utilizing these funds on schedule. The District Technician will complete an aggregate final report which describes the success of the project including WQMPs developed, BMPs implemented, and financial incentives funds obligated and utilized.

The District Technician also will work with TSSWCB, NRCS and the Watershed Coordinator to educate agricultural producers about water quality issues and how WQMPs and BMPs address pollutant contamination from agriculture. The Technician will work with commodity organizations, such as Texas and Southwestern Cattle Raisers Association

(TSCRA), Independent Cattlemen's Association of Texas (ICA), Texas Farm Bureau (TFB), and others to educate their members about how BMPs can protect and enhance the value of their operation and achieve water quality goals for the watershed at the same time. The Technician will cooperate and communicate with the Leon River Watershed Steering Committee in order to effectively and efficiently achieve project goals and to summarize activities and achievements made throughout the course of this project.



Tasks, Objectiv	es and Schedules								
Task 1	Project Administration								
Costs	Federal	\$25,000	Non-Federal	\$0	Total	\$25,000			
Objective	To effectively administer, coordinate and monitor all work performed under this project including technical and financial supervision and preparation of status reports.								
Subtask 1.1	The Hamilton-Coryell SWCD will prepare electronic quarterly progress reports (QPRs) for submission to the TSSWCB. QPRs shall document all activities performed within a quarter and shall be submitted by the 1 st of January, April, July and October. QPRs shall be distributed to all Project Partners.								
	Start Date:	Month		Completion Da		Month 36			
Subtask 1.2	The Hamilton-Coryel Reimbursement Form	s to TSSWCB	at least monthly	•					
	Start Date:	Month	n 1	Completion Da	te:	Month 36			
Subtask 1.3	Project Manager, TSS	SWCB Field R ject schedule, o /CD will devel	epresentative, Bl communication n op lists of action	RA, and Extension leeds, deliverable items needed fol	n, at leas s, and oth	alls with the TSSWCB at quarterly, to discuss ther requirements. The each project			
	Start Date:	Montl	n 1	Completion Da	te:	Month 36			
Subtask 1.4	Hamilton-Coryell SW	CD will comp	lete one financia	l audit during the	project j	period.			
	Start Date:	Month	n 1	Completion Da	te:	Month 36			
Subtask 1.5	The Hamilton-Coryell SWCD will develop a final report at the culmination of the project. At a minimum the Final Report shall describe the success of the project including WQMPs developed, BMPs implemented, and funds obligated and utilized.								
Deliverables	 Quarterly Progre Reimbursement	Reimbursement forms and necessary documentation in hard copy format							

Tasks, Objecti	ves and Schedules									
Task 2	Promotion and Implemen	ntation of the TSSWCB V	WOMP Program							
Costs	Federal \$143,2			stal \$143,225						
Objective	To promote WQMP deve			. ,						
J 19 11 11	technical assistance to ag									
	Promote the availability of									
		implementation of WQMPs to achieve bacterial load reductions as identified in the Leon River WPP.								
Subtask 2.1	The Hamilton-Coryell SV									
	WQMPs.									
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36						
Subtask 2.2	The District Technician w									
	announcing the availabili									
				e flyers, brochures, letters,						
	news releases and other a									
	agricultural producers. TS	SSWCB must approve all	announcements, letters a	and publications prior to						
	distribution.	M4-1	Committee Date	Month 26						
C1-41- 2 2	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36						
Subtask 2.3		*		ver Watershed Coordinator						
	to educate producers about water quality issues and how WQMPs and BMPs address pollutant contamination from agriculture.									
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36						
Subtask 2.4	The District Technician v									
Subtask 2.4		-								
	Cattle Raisers Association (TSCRA), Independent Cattlemen's Association of Texas (ICA), and Texas Farm Bureau (TFB), to educate their members on this opportunity to enhance the value of									
	their operation and achiev									
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36						
Subtask 2.5	The District Technician,	with assistance from NRC		ssist landowners in the						
	development of WQMPs	and associated Prescribed	d Grazing Plans. The Dis	trict Technician will						
	develop at least 12 WQM	Ps.								
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36						
Subtask 2.6	The District Technician,	with assistance from NRC	CS and TSSWCB, will as	ssist landowners in						
	applying for and obtainin	The District Technician, with assistance from NRCS and TSSWCB, will assist landowners in applying for and obtaining financial incentives to aid in implementation of BMPs prescribed in								
	WQMPs. \$180,000 in CWA §319(h) funding (TSSWCB projects 20-02) is available as financial									
		incentive through the TSSWCB WQMP Program. Landowners shall be eligible to receive a								
	maximum financial incentive amount of \$15,000 from the TSSWCB §319(h) funds. The maximum									
		financial incentive rate shall not exceed 60% of the cost of implementation of the BMPs. The								
			. Financial incentives wil	ll be based on actual costs						
	not to exceed the average		G 1 · · · · · ·	1.06						
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36						
Subtask 2.7	The District Technician v			ncentive applications						
	consistent with the priorit			Tax 106						
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36						
Subtask 2.8	The District Technician v									
	through the course of this		_							
	Leon River watershed to		-	_						
	WQMP implementation s			•						
	assistance needed or nece									
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36						

Subtask 2.9	The District Technician will track utilization of obligated financial incentives (primarily CWA §319(h) funds, but also EQIP funds). The District Technician, with assistance from TSSWCB and NRCS, will assist landowners in utilizing obligated financial incentives on schedule.								
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36					
Subtask 2.10	WQMPs developed and B or exact location of any pr	The District Technician will create a spreadsheet and map describing and showing the location of all WQMPs developed and BMPs implemented through the project. The map will not reveal the identity or exact location of any producer.							
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36					
Subtask 2:11	The District Technician w reductions through the Tex- will report load reductions Grants Reporting and Trac	kas Best Management Pra by October 1st to the TSS	ctices Evaluation Tool (TBET). The Technician					
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36					
Subtask 2.12	The District Technician w efficiently and effectively throughout the course of the needs, deliverables, and of	achieve project goals; sur his project; and discuss pr	nmarize activities and a	chievements made					
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36					
Subtask 2.13	The District Technician will cooperate and communicate with the Leon River Watershed Coordinator in order to efficiently and effectively achieve project goals and to summarize activities and achievements made throughout the course of this project. Specifically, the District Technician will, at least, participate in any stakeholder meetings held under the auspices of the Leon River Watershed Steering Committee.								
	Start Date:	Month 1	Completion Date:	Month 36					
Deliverables	Promotional and educationStatus reviews for WC	ational publications, as de MPs	eveloped and distributed						

Project Goals (Expand from Summary Page)

- Provide technical assistance to agricultural producers for the development of Water Quality Management Plans (WQMPs) and implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) and track progress
- Provide educational programs to increase stakeholders and citizens knowledge about water quality issues in the watershed
- To conduct status reviews on WQMPs to track implementation success
- To foster coordinated technical assistance between TSSWCB, SWCDs and NRCS
- Inform and coordinate project efforts with the Leon River Watershed Steering Committee and Coordinator

Measures of Success (Expand from Summary Page)

- Provide needed technical assistance to agricultural producers
- Development and implementation of 12 WQMPs
- Implementation of agricultural management measures outlined in the Leon River WPP
- Reduction in potential pollutant loads of streams from NPS pollution from agricultural operations

2017 Texas NPS Management Program Reference (Expand from Summary Page)

Components, Goals, and Objectives

Component One – Explicit short- and long-term goals, objectives and strategies that protect surface and ground water. Long-Term Goal – Protect and restore water quality affected by NPS pollution through assessment, implementation, and education.

- Objective 1 Focus NPS abatement efforts, implementation strategies, and available resources in watersheds and aquifers identified as impacted by nonpoint source pollution.
- Objective 2 Support the implementation of state, regional, and local programs to prevent NPS pollution through assessment, implementation, and education.
- Objective 3 Support the implementation of state, regional, and local programs to reduce NPS pollution, such as the implementation of strategies defined in TMDL I-Plans, WPPs, and other water planning efforts in the state.

Short-Term Goal Two – Implementation – Coordinate the NPS Program to support the implementation of TMDL I-Plans …and other state, regional, and local plans/programs to reduce NPS pollution …[by] target[ing] implementation activities to the areas identified as impacted

- Objective A Work with regional and local entities to determine priority areas and develop and implement strategies to address NPS pollution in those areas.
- Objective B Develop and implement BMPs to address constituents of concern or waterbodies not meeting water quality standards in watersheds identified as impacted by NPS pollution
- Objective D Implement TMDL I-Plans, WPPs, and other state, regional, and local plans developed to restore and maintain water quality in waterbodies identified as impacted by NPS pollution.

Short-Term Goal Three – Education – Conduct education and technology transfer activities to increase awareness of NPS pollution and activities which contribute to the degradation of water bodies, including aquifers, by NPS pollution

- Objective A Enhance existing outreach programs at the state, regional, and local levels to maximize the effectiveness of NPS education.
- Objective D Conduct outreach through the CRP, AgriLife Extension, SWCDs, and others to enable stakeholders and the public to participate in decision-making and provide a more complete understanding of water quality issues and how they relate to each citizen.
- Objective G Implement public outreach and education to maintain and restore water quality in water bodies by NPS pollution.

Component Two – Working partnerships and linkages to appropriate state, regional, and local entities, private sector groups, and federal agencies.

Component Three – Balanced approach that emphasizes both statewide NPS programs and on-the-ground management of individual watersheds.

Component Four – Abatement of water quality impairments from NPS pollution and prevention of significant threats to water quality from present and future NPS activities.

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Component Three – Balanced approach that emphasizes both statewide NPS programs and on-the-ground management of individual watersheds.

Component Four – Abatement of water quality impairments from NPS pollution and prevention of significant threats to water quality from present and future NPS activities.

Estimated Load Reductions Expected

Estimated load reductions expected from implementing this project are based on information in the Leon River WPP, primarily table 8.1, 8.2, and 8.3.

The goals of the Leon River WPP are to reduce nonpoint source loadings of bacteria (impairment) from identified sources within the watershed. Management measures contained in the WPP focus on bacteria reduction, but through implementing the management measures, reductions in nutrient loading will also be realized. This proposal will address nonpoint source loadings from agricultural nonpoint sources through development of Water Quality Management Plans for agricultural operations in the watershed.

In order to calculate estimated load reductions, we assumed that, consistent with Subtask 2.5, all WQMPs to be implemented are assumed to be in subwatersheds with the greatest number of operations, operations with the greatest number of animal units, and particularly those located closest to streams and drainage areas. The load reduction from the District Technician agricultural education component in this project is consistent with Table 5.2 for the total load reduction (over the 10 year implementation schedule).

Management Measure		Estimated E. coli Load Reductions Expected (org/day)
District Technician	Full WPP Implementation	$2,458 \times 10^6$

Participation in the TSSWCB WQMP Program by individual ranchers and farmers is voluntary. The decision to participate is based on a number of factors, including the producer's ability to provide the cost-share match (40% in this project). Adoption of BMPs and participation in the WQMP Program by producers is highly dependent on the success or failure of outreach and education initiatives and social marketing campaigns. Effectiveness of particular BMPs in reducing pollutants is dependent on a myriad of factors, including natural weather phenomena and the ability of producers to correctly install, operate, maintain or manage the BMP. There will be complementary nitrogen and sediment load reductions achieved from livestock and cropland WQMPs, and supplementary bacteria load reductions achieved from livestock and cropland WQMPs. With these factors accounted for, the estimated load reductions to be expected, as presented above, should be regarded as the "best case scenario" with probability that actual load reductions achieved will be less.

The mechanism for reporting pollutant load reductions achieved through implementation of BMPs funded with CWA §319(h) monies is through the EPA Grants Reporting and Tracking System (GRTS). Actual load reductions achieved can only be reported after the BMPs are installed and operational.

EPA State Categorical Program Grants – Workplan Essential Elements FY 2018-2022 EPA Strategic Plan Reference

Strategic Plan Goal – Goal 1 Core Mission: Deliver a cleaner, safer, and healthier environment for all Americans and future generations by carrying out the Agency's core mission.

Strategic Plan Objective – Objective 1.2 Provide for Clean and Safe Water to ensure waters are clean through improved water infrastructure and, in partnership with states and tribes, sustainably manage programs to support drinking water, aquatic ecosystems, and recreational, economic, and subsistence activities.

Part III – Financial Information

Budget Summary								
Federal	\$ 168,225	168,225		% of total project		100%		
Non-Federal	\$ 0		% of tota	al project (≥ 40%	o)	0%		
Total	\$ 168,225		Total			100%		
Category	Federal			Non-Federal			Total	
Personnel	\$	131,20	0	\$	0		\$	131,200
Fringe Benefits	\$	19,68	0	\$	0		\$	19,680
Travel	\$	3,81	5	\$	0		\$	3,815
Equipment	\$		0	\$	0		\$	0
Supplies	\$	1,08	0	\$	0		\$	1,080
Contractual	\$	4,00	0	\$	0		\$	4,000
Construction	\$		0	\$	0		\$	0
Other	\$	8,45	0	\$	0		\$	8,450
Total Direct Costs	\$	168,22	5	\$	0		\$	168,225
Indirect Costs (≤ 15%)	\$		0	\$	0		\$	0
Total Project Costs	\$	168,22	5	\$	0		\$	168,225

Budget Justification (Federal)				
Category	Total Amount		Justification	
Personnel	\$	131,200	1 full-time technician for 3 years (\$124,000)	
			1 part-time Bookkeeper @ \$20/hr for 10hrs/month for 3 years (\$7,200)	
Fringe Benefits	\$	19,680	Fringe benefits calculated @ 15%	
Travel	\$	3,815	1,500 miles/yr @ State rate (\$2,975); per diem @ \$51/day; and hotel	
			expenses @ \$89/night for 6 overnight trips (\$840)	
Equipment	\$	0	N/A	
Supplies	\$	1,080	Office supplies include pens, pencils, paper, printer cartridges, folders,	
			envelopes, mailing labels, flash drives, etc. for SWCD @ \$30/month for	
			3 years (\$1,080)	
Contractual*	\$	4,000	Financial audit for Hamilton-Coryell SWCD	
Construction	\$	0	N/A	
Other	\$	8,450	Technician Training Fees (\$1,150), Postage (\$100), Vehicle	
			Maintenance, Fuel and Insurance (\$7,200)	
Indirect	\$	0	N/A	

Budget Justification (Non-Federal)				
Category	Total Amount	Justification		
Personnel	\$ 0	N/A		
Fringe Benefits	\$ 0	N/A		
Travel	\$ 0	N/A		
Equipment	\$ 0	N/A		
Supplies	\$ 0	N/A		
Contractual	\$ 0	N/A		
Construction	\$ 0	N/A		
Other	\$ 0	N/A		
Indirect	\$ 0	N/A		